2024

Advanced **Sales Forum**

Navigating Hazardous Buy-Sell Seas: How the Connelly Case Changed the Landscape, and What Do We Do Now?



Your Panel



Polina Engel, J.D., CLU

Director, Advanced Solutions The Principal Financial Group®

- Years of experience 15 insurance, 12 business consulting, 18 legal practice
- Practiced law in Milwaukee
- Specializes in advanced business solutions





Ana Medinaceli Canelos Director, Advanced Markets John Hancock

- 24 years of experience
- Former financial advisor
- Specializes in comprehensive planning for business owners



Stephen E. Alloy, J.D., MBA, CLU, ChFC, MSFS

Advanced Sales consultant Mutual of Omaha

- 40 years of experience
- Practiced law in Chicago
- Focus business market, estate planning

Amy Bryant, J.D., CLU Director, Advanced Sales Penn Mutual Life Insurance

- 27 years of experience
- Focus estate planning for business owners



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"A corporation's contractual obligation to redeem shares is not necessarily a liability that reduces a corporation's value for purposes of the federal estate tax."

> -Supreme Court Holding in Connelly v. United States, No 23-146, 602 US (2024)





US v. Connelly

Two brothers, Michael (77.18%) and Thomas (22.82%) owned C Corp building materials company



Entity Redemption:

- Company value to be determined annually "by mutual consent" (never did it)
- If an owner died and no mutual consent value, value set by average of at least two qualified appraisals



- No appraisals obtained
- Thomas negotiates sale of Michael's shares to Michael's son based on "an agreed upon value"



Value of C Corp shares in Michael's estate = "agreed upon value"

Michael dies in 2013



C Corp buys \$3.5M on each brother to fund redemption obligations



